



USE OF PHRASAL VERBS

Dear Students I'll tell you a story. Listen to it carefully and try to identify the phrasal verbs used in the story.

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I hope you have identified at least a few of them. If you haven't, please see the text on the screen and read it loudly .

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“Rosy had a problem”

For a long time Rosy wanted to go out with a very handsome guy named Sham, and then one day he turned up at her door. Just like that ! she asked him in. Sham took his shoes off and sat down. Then he explained that while passing by her home his taxi broke down. It was out side.

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Rosy said Sham could call out a mechanic and she looked up the nearest service centre in the telephone directory. She offered him a cup of lemon juice. He accepted. But then she realized there was no sugar. "We've run out of sugar" she said and popped out to buy some sugar.

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While Rosy was away the mechanic turned up. He got on with mending the taxi and Sham watched. When it was mended Sham got in to his taxi and went away.



In the shop Rosy suddenly remembered her little baby sister, who she was looking after, was at home. She ran back to home and saw that Sham had left. Her little sister was crying inside and she had no keys!

You have listened the story, haven't you? Now try to find out the phrasal verbs.

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Dear students, you have noticed them , haven't you ? if you have, tell me how many phrasal verbs are used in the story ?

let us once again look at the story and confirm ourselves how many phrasal verbs are used and which are they ?

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"Rosy had a problem"

For a long time Rosy wanted to go out with a very handsome guy named Sham, and then one day he turned up at her door.

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Just like that ! she asked him in.
Sham took his shoes off and sat
down. Then he explained that while
past her home his taxi broke down.
It was out side.



Rosy said to Sham could call out a mechanic and she looked up the nearest service centre in the telephone directory. She offered him a cup of lemon juice.



He accepted. But then she realized there was no sugar. “We’ve run out of sugar” she said popped out to buy some more.

While Rosy was away the mechanic turned up. He got on with mending the taxi and Sham watched. When it was mended Sham got in his taxi and went away.

In the shop Rosy suddenly remembered her little baby sister who she was looking after was at home. She ran back to home and saw that Sham had left. Her little sister was crying inside and she had no keys!



Students now tell me how many phrasal verbs are used in the story “Rosy had a problem” ?

May be 10 – OR 10+

Answer, 10+ means 14 phrasal verbs are used.

Which are they ? just list the phrasal verbs one by one as they are used in the story.



go out with
turned up
asked (him) in
took (his shoes) off

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sat down
breakdown
call out
looked up
run out of

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popped out
turned up
got on with
looking after
ran back

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Have you students ? let me provide you the meanings of them. Here I'll give the meanings in jumbled manner. First confirm the meaning yourselves and later try to match them correctly.

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'Meanings'

- 1) visit
- 2) dating
- 3) appeared suddenly
- 4) requested him
- 5) removed his shoes
- 6) took his seat
- 7) stopped functioning



- 8) returned
- 9) searched
- 10) have none left
- 11) caused to go
- 12) appeared
- 13) continued his work
- 14) take care of



CORRECT MEANINGS OF THE PHRASAL VERBS

- go out with- dating
- turned up – appeared suddenly
- asked (him) in – requested him
- took (his shoes) off – removed his shoes
- sat down – took his seat
- broke down – stopped functioning
- call out – visit

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- looked up – searched
- run out off - have none left
- popped out – caused to go
- turned up – appeared suddenly
- got on with – continued his work
- looking after- take care off
- ran back -returned

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The purpose of presentation is to discuss how English phrasal verbs seem strange to non-native English speakers / learners . The English language is full of such verbs and in many cases their meaning can not be guessed from the component parts.

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Students let me show you some examples.

Ex. Mulki took off his shirt

One should have little difficulty understanding what it means.

But one may have problems with the sentence.

Ex. The plane took off (the plane rose into the air)

One is unlikely to have any idea of the meaning of

* Balaji took off his master (He imitated his master)

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I think you have observed how ‘took off’ is used for different meanings.

What we have seen in the previous slide is, phrasal verb is usually the phrases consisting of verb + adverb or verb + pre position.

It is simply a short phrase made up of a verb (e.g. took) plus 1 or 2 prepositions. (e.g. off).

Generally speaking phrasal verbs can be divided in to the following groups



- Transitive phrasal verbs (that take an object)

Ex. Took off his shoes

Verb + preposition + object (V+P+O)

- Intransitive phrasal verbs (that do not take an object)

Ex. Ran back

Verb + preposition (V+P)



Separable phrasal verbs

(Some transitive phrasal verbs can be separated by the object)



for ex: Sham **took off** his shoes

(v) (p)



Sham **took** his shoes **off**

(v) (p)

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Non – separable phrasal verbs
(some transitive phrasal verbs can not be separated by the object)

for ex. :

Rosy was **looking after** her baby sister

(v) (p)

Rosy was **looking** her baby sister **after**

(v)

(p)

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Phrasal verbs with more than one particle
(some phrasal verbs are made up of more than one preposition)

Can you find examples in the story which you have read in the beginning ?

for example : 1) go out with
2) run out of
3) got on with

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Noun and Adjective forms

(some phrasal verbs can be used as nouns or adjectives as well, usually when used as noun or an adjective, a phrasal verb is combined to form one word(no space or with a hyphen)

for ex.

break down

breakdown

(e.g. Rosy Suffered a nervous breakdown)

(Sham's taxi broke down)

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Dear students, I'll show some pictures and give a sentence to each picture with blank.



You have to fill in the blanks with the suitable phrasal verb, provided at the other end.

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(fallen out, given out,
run out of)

1) Your friends are going to Bangalore,
but on the way they've
_____ petrol

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(sorting out, fallen
out, giving out)

2) The saint with the beard is
 leaflets

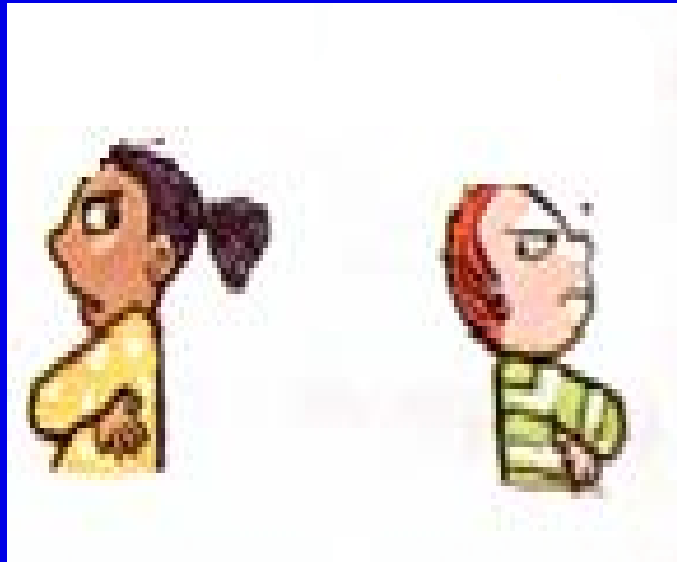
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(run out of, turned out,
sort out)

3) It was raining earlier but vomit it
has _____ sunny

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(run out, turned out, fallen out)

4) Sham and Rosy loved with each other earlier, Now they've _____

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(working out, running out, sorting out)

5) One of Joe's jobs in the office is
 the post

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(work out, run out, turn out)

6) Teena is trying to _____
how to use the camera

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Answers

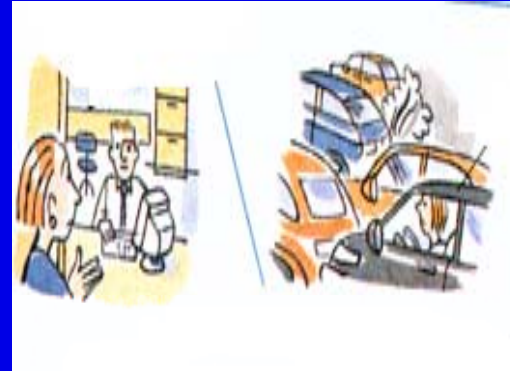
- Run out of
- Giving out
- Turned out
- Fallen out
- Sorting out
- Work out

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1) The weather was horrible this morning, but it is _____ now

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2) Linda was late because she was
 in the traffic

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3) couple bought an old house
and _____ it _____ it's really nice
now.

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4) Pete was really depressed, friends took him out for a meal to _____ him _____.

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Answers

- Cleared up
- Held up
- Did up
- Cheer up

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Dear students just observe the pictures, later try to fill in the blank with the phrasal verb .



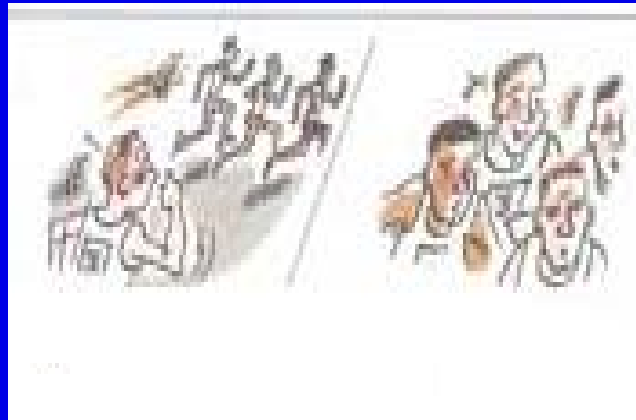
1) A stranger _____ me in the street and asked me the way to the station.

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2) Rashmi _____ the front door of the house and rang the doorbell

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3) Tom was a long way behind the other runners, but he managed to _____ them.

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4) Tanaya was running two fast for Paul.
He couldn't _____ her.

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Answers

- Came up to
- Went up to
- Catch up with
- Keep up with

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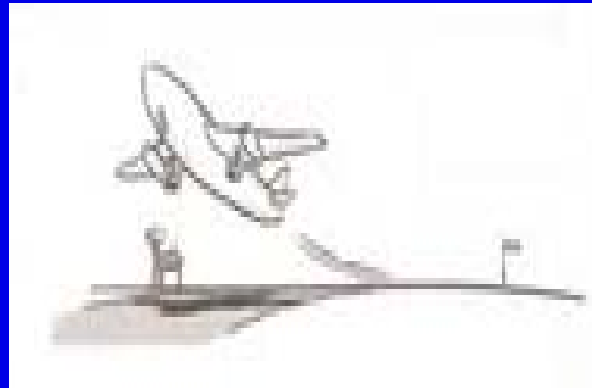
Students you can see the pictures and try and try to fill to the blanks with the appropriate proposition. (verb is already given)

(on, up, to)



- 1) Doctor put her gloves _____

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(of, off, on)

2) The kingfisher 505 ____ took
_____ at 6:00 P M

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(on, to, by)

3) Maria tried _____ the hat

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(out, on, off)

4) The match was called _____
because of rain

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(of, to, off)

5) Marks friends went to the railway station to see his

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(on, out, in)

6) Mr.Kulkarni took his sunglasses out of his pocket and put them_____

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Answers

- On
- Off
- On
- Off
- Off
- On

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Dear students, keenly observe the pictures and try to make / write a sentence using phrasal verbs.



1



2



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3



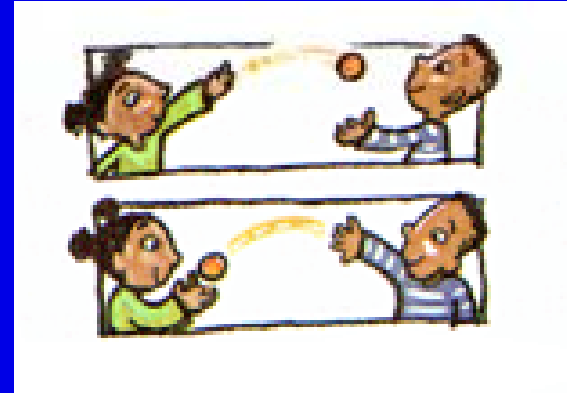
Answers for three Pictures

- 1) Ans:- Neeta waved to him and Neelesh waved back
- 2) Ans:- It was windy, John dropped a ten pound note and it blew away
- 3) Ans:- She opened the letter, read it and put it back in the envelope.

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4



5



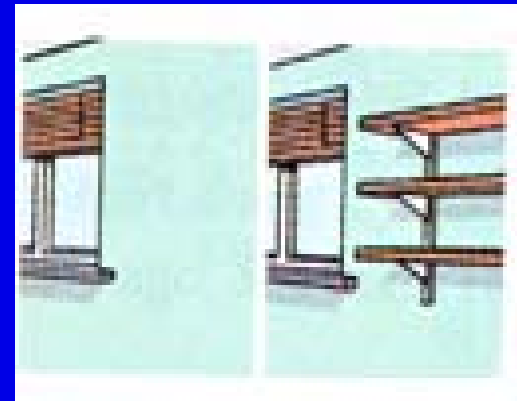
6

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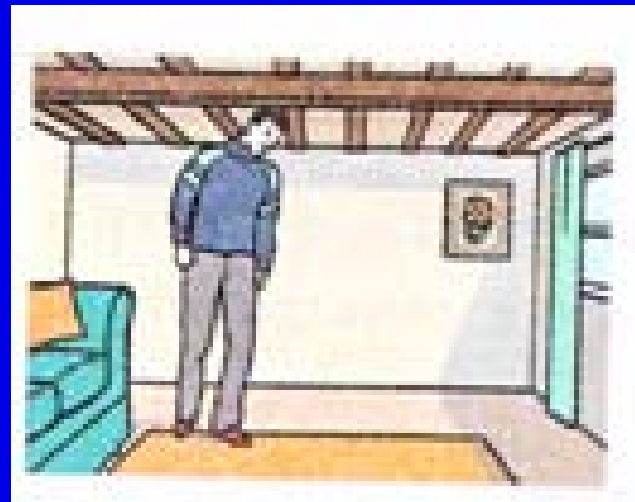


Answers for three Pictures

- 4) Ans:- Rakesh tried to balk to a girl, but she just walked away
- 5) Ans:- Mary threw the ball to Kitti and he threw it back
 - 6) Ans:- Sham's shoes were worn out, so he threw them away



7



8

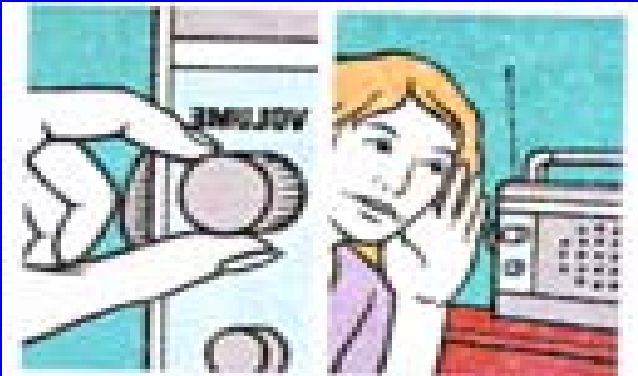
9

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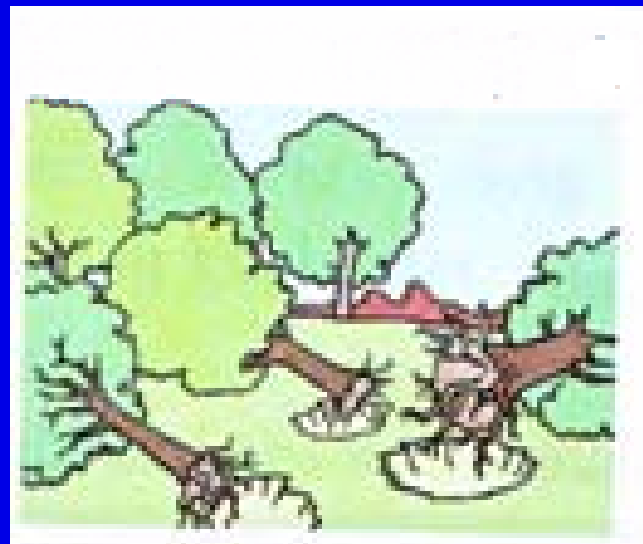


Answers for three Pictures

- 7) Ans:- There used to be a tree next to the house but we cut it down
- 8) Ans:- There used to be some shelves on the wall, but he took them down
- 9) Ans:- The ceiling was so low, he couldn't stand up straight

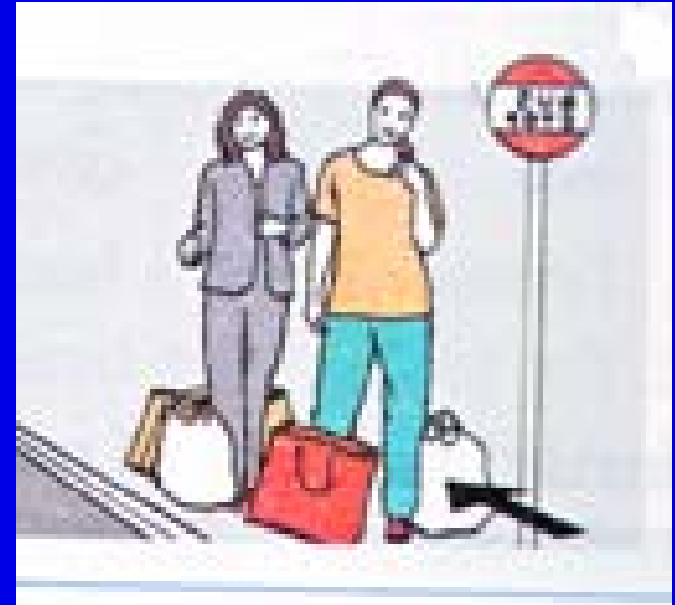


10



12

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11

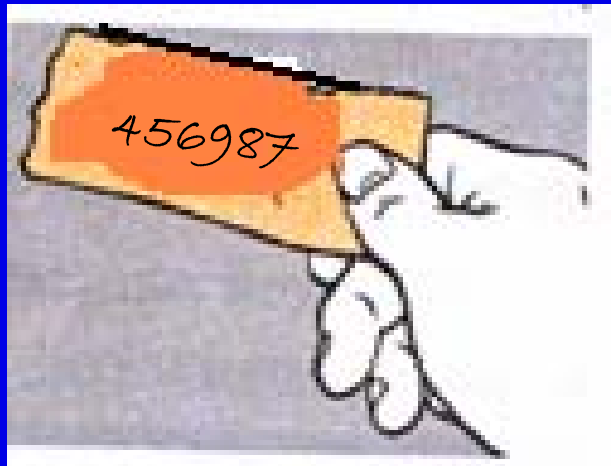


Answers for three Pictures

10) Ramani couldn't hear the radio very well, so she turned up

11) Ans:- while passenger were waiting for the bus, they put their bags down on the ground

12) Ans:- A few trees were fell down in the storm last week



13



14

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Answers for two pictures

13) Ans:- She gave him her phone number,
He wrote it down on a piece of paper.

14) Ans:- Liz dropped her brush, so she bent down and picked them up.



Dear students, again I'll show you some of the same pictures with the filled sentences.

Here I ask you to list separable, non separable and phrasal verbs with more than one particle.

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- 1) Your friends are going to Bangalore, but on the way they've run out of petrol

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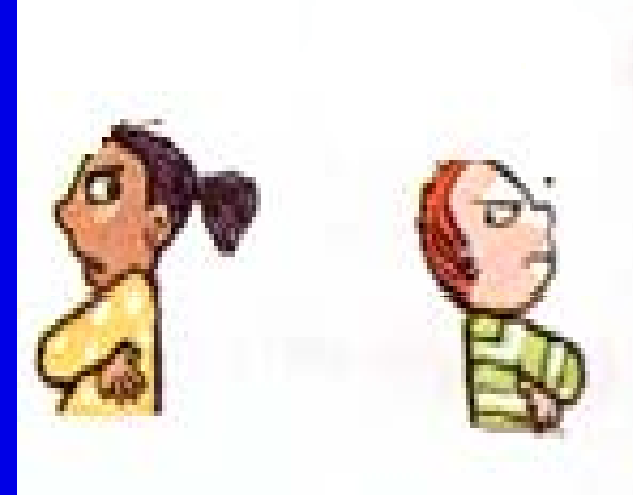
2) The saint with the beard is giving out leaflets

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3) It was raining earlier but vomit it has turned out sunny

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4) Sham and Rosy loved with each other earlier, None they've fallen out

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5) One of Joe's jobs in the office is sorting out the post

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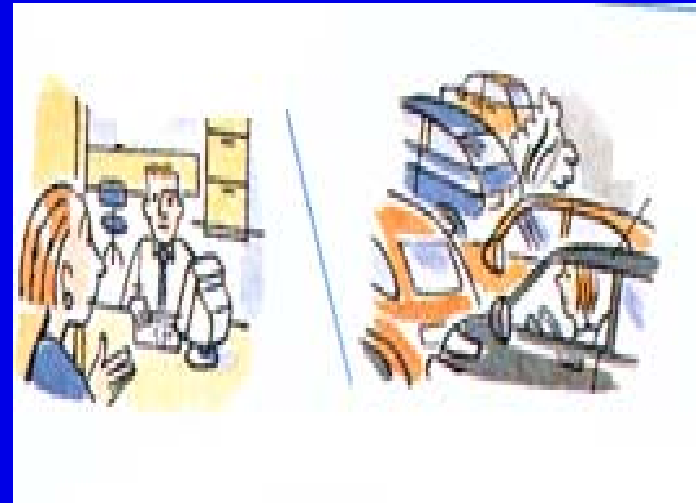
6) Teena is trying to work out how to use the camera

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7) The weather was horrible this morning, but it is cleared up now

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8) Linda was late because she was held up
in the traffic

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9) couple bought an old house and did it up it's really nice now.

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10) Pete was really depressed, friends took him out for a meal to cheer him up.

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11) A stranger came up to me in the street and asked me the way to the station.

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12) Rashmi went up to the front door of the house and rang the doorbell

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13) Tom was a long way behind the other runners, but he managed to catch up with them.

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14) Tanaya was running two fast for Paul. He couldn't keep up with her.

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- 15) Doctor put her gloves on

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16) The kingfisher 505 took off at 6:00 P
M

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17) Maria tried on the hat

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18) The match was called off because of rain c

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19) Marks friends went to the railway station to see him off

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20) Mr.Kulkarni took his sunglasses out of his pocket and put them on

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Separable	Non separable	More than one particle
	Giving out turned out fallen out sorting out work out	Run out of



Separable	Non separable	More than one particle
put her gloves on see him off put them on	took off tried on called off	



Separable	Non separable	More than one particle
Did (it) up Cheer (him) up	Cleared up Held up	Came up to Went up to Catch up with Keep up with



Complete the conversation using the correct form of phrasal verbs listed below. You can use some of the verbs more than once.

Tom : I'd like to start by talking about your early life – your school days

Tim : My school days ?

Tom : Yes, I went (1) _____ to remember your school days.

Tim : So we're going back in time ?

Tom : Yes and while remembering the past, we'll be meeting lots of phrasal verbs, so let's (2)

_____ in time now
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Tom : So, Tim, where did you study class 4th ?

Tim : I studied in England.

Tom : And where did you live a child ?

Tim : well _____ I (3) _____ in a town called
New Milton which is on the South Coast of
England.

Tom : So you (4) _____ there - you spent
your childhood there. And what kind of up
bringing did you have ? I mean were your
parents strict with you ?

Tim : I guess my parents didn't really (5) _____ me _____
too strictly

(to bring, to grow up, to take some one back)

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- 1) to take (you) back
- 2) take (your) back
- 3) grow up
- 4) grew up
- 5) bring (me) up

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Replace the underlined words with the phrasal verbs given below

- 1) My sales equal to \$ 306.23
- 2) She'll have to reverse her car so he can get out.
- 3) Principal's wife support him over his decision to quit his job.
- 4) The racing bike explode after it crashed into the fence.
- 5) My mother gets upset when the police told her friend had died.
- 6) The Radio station interrupt to report the news of president's election.
- 7) The thieves escaped from jail when the guards weren't looking.



- 8) Ramesh drank so much the he yomit his dinner in the toilet
- 9) Johnson cancelled the wedding because he wasn't in love with his fiancé.
- 10) Give me your phone number and we'll phone you when we are in town.
- 11) She has to leave the hotel before 9:00 am
- 12) Look at the crazy hair on that lady !
- 13) If every one helps we can get ready food.
- 14) The top and bottom separate if you pull hard enough.
- 15) It's time to discard all of these old ax records.
- 16) Americans don't known where Saddam lives. Home can they discover?

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Find out, do away with, come apart,
chips in, check out, check out, call up,
called off, brought up, broke out,
broke in, broke down, blew up,
backed up, back up, add up

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[1)add up2) backup3) backed (him) up4)blew up
5)broke down6) broke in7) broke out8) brought
(his dinner) up9) called (the wedding) off10) call
(you) up,11)chick out12) chips in13) come
apart14) do away with15)find out]

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Find out the appropriate meanings of the phrasal verbs given in brackets

- 1) They got back from their vacation yesterday.
- 2) She should get up and give the elderly woman your seat.
- 3) He is giving up smoking as of April 1st
- 4) Her math's homework was too difficult so she gave up.
- 5) She roses grew back this summer.
- 6) Rama has to hand in his essay by Friday.
- 7) Hang in there. I'm sure he'll find a job very soon.
- 8) A girl in a black mask held the bank up this morning.

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- 9) Mary has to look after her sick grandmother.
- 10) I'm looking for a red dress for the wedding.
- 11) She'll have to think this job offer over before I make my final decision.
- 12) I turned the job down because I don't want to move.
- 13) I am going to try this new brand of detergent out.
- 14) His uncle passed away last night after a long illness.
- 15) It was so hot in the church that an elderly lady passed out.
- 16) The neighbors put the fire out before the firemen arrived.

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[returned, stand, quit a habit, stopped trying, re grew, submit, stay positive, robbed, take care of, trying to find, consider, refused, testing, died, fainted, extinguished]

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Each of the following sentences contains a commonly-used phrasal verb. Try to guess meanings of the ones you don't already know before looking at the answer below:

1. It's up to him.
2. He's not up to it.
3. He's in for it.
4. He's got it in for me.
5. I don't get on with him.
6. I don't take to him.



7. He takes after his father.
8. He took me in with his story.
9. He took it out of me.
10. He took me up on my offer.
11. He is put out you didn't come.
12. He turned down my suggestion.
13. I think he's gone off me.
14. He turned up late again today.



Answers:

1. It's up to him – It's decision.
2. He's not up to it. – He's not good enough or strong to do it.
3. He's in for it. – He's in trouble for something he's done.
4. He's got it in for me.– He makes my life unpleasant. (He's always getting at me.)
5. I don't get on with him.-We don't have a friendly relationship.
6. I don't take to him. – We don't have a friendly relationship.
7. He takes after his father – He is similar to his father.



8. He took me in his story . – He deceived me with his story.
9. He took it out on me. – He was feeling angry about something and made suffer as a result.
10. He took me up on my offer.- He accepted my offer.
11. He is put out you didn't come – He's annoyed you didn't come.
12. He turned down my suggestion .-He rejected my suggestion.
13. I think he's gone off me. – I think he doesn't like me any more.
14. He turned up late again today. – He arrived late again today.

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THANK YOU

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