Episode No - 3

Faculty: H.S. Venkataramaiah

Algebra I

* If S₁, S₂, S₃ are sum of n,2n,3n terms of a G.P respectively then $\frac{S_1(S_3-S_2)}{(S_2-S_1)^2}$ is a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4

Ans: a)

* If x is +ve real, then the numbers

$$\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x}}$$
, $\frac{1}{1-x}$, $\frac{1}{1-\sqrt{x}}$ are in

a) AP

b) GP

c) HP

d) Not a sequence

Ans: a)

* Let x|x-1|, |x+1| be first three terms of a G.P then sum of series $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{|x-1|} + \frac{1}{|x+1|} + \dots \infty$ is a) 9 b) $\frac{9}{2}$ c) 3 d)6

Ans: d)

*
$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$
 then $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = ?$

- a) $\frac{\pi^2}{6}$ b) $\frac{\pi^2}{2}$ c) $\frac{\pi^2}{8}$ d) $\frac{\pi^2}{12}$

Ans: c)

* Which number must be added to 13,15,19 so that resulting number must be in H.P a) 7 b) -7 c) 8 d) -8 Ans: b)
* The Value of 3+5+6+9+10+12+15+18+26++ 100 a) 2418 b) 2481 c) 2814 d) 2186 Ans: a)
* The four GM's b/n 2 & 486 are a) 6, 18, 54, 162, b) 4, 8, 32, 128 c) 8, 32, 128, 512 d) 6, 32, 54, 162 Ans: a)
* The product of 3GM's n/w 4 & 1/4 is a) 16 b)8 c) 2 d)1 Ans: d)
* Total no of four digit odd numbers that can be formed using 0.1.2.3.5.7 are a) 6! b) 5! c) 6x6! d) 5x5! Ans: a)

*
$$\left[\sum_{r=1}^{n} \frac{{}^{n}p_{r}}{\lfloor r \rfloor}\right]^{2} =$$

- a) 2^n b) 4^n c) 3^n d) 2^{n+1}
- Ans: b)
- * 30 C_{r+2} = 30 C_{r-2} then 'r' equals to
- a) 8 b) 15 c) 30 d) 32
- Ans: b)
- * There are 10 true false questions in an examination then these questions can be answered in
- a) 100 ways b) 20 ways
- c) 512 ways d) 1024 ways

Ans: d)

- * In an exam there are 3 MCQ's each question has 4 choices number of ways in which a student can fail to get all answers correct is
- a) 11 b) 12 c) 64 d) 63
- Ans: d)
- * Four students of class IV, Five students of class V, six students of class VI. sit in a row, no of ways they can sit in a row so that students belonging to same class sit together is
- a) $\lfloor 3 \lfloor 4 \rfloor 5 \rfloor 6$ b) $\lfloor 3^2 \lfloor 4 \rfloor 5$ c) $\lfloor 3 (\lfloor 4)^2 \rfloor 5$ d) $(\lfloor 5)^2 \lfloor 3 \rfloor 4$

Ans: a)