History Syllabus

Syllabus and Model Question Paper

Unit-1: Sources of Ancient and Medieval Indian history- Archaeological – Literary – Indigenous and Foreign Accounts.

Unit-2: Prehistory and Protohistory –
     Paleolithic – Mesolithic – Neolithic and Chalcolithic period.

Unit-3: Vedic Period – Dating – Evolution of social and political institutions and Philosophical ideas , rituals and practices.

Unit-4: Period of Mahajanapadas: -

Unit-5: Mauryan Empire: -

Unit-6: Deccan and South India: -
     The Sathavahanas, Sangamage, Literature, Culture , Art and Architecture.

Unit-7: Imperial Guptas and Regional states of India: -

Rashtrakutas – Chalukyas of kalyani – Hoysalas – Adminstrations, growth of architecture.
Development of Mathas – Agraharas – Education and literature – Economy and society.

Pallavas, Cholas, Chelas and Pandyas – Adminstration-
Local Government – Art and Architecture.
Arab Conquest of Sindh, Invasions of Gazni and Gori Mohammads, South Indian contacts with Srilanka and SouthEast Asia.

**Unit-8:**
Delhi Sultanate:- Iltumush, Raziasultana, Balban, Alahuddin Khiliji – Mohammad-bin-tughluq, Sayyads and Lodhis – Adminstration, Economy, Art and architecture.


Mughal Adminstrations – Mansabdari and Jagirdari, Economy aspects:- Land revenue system – Society and culture – Mughal art and Architecture.


**Unit-9** : Vijayanagara and Bahamanis – The Rise – Expansion and the Disintegration.


**Unit-10**: Modern Indian History:-

Modern Indian Historography – Imperialist, Nationalist – Maxist and Subaltash.

**Unit-11**: European Traders in India :-

Consolidation of British power in India.
Acts from 1773-1858.
Local self government, Constitutional changes from 1909-1935.
Indian Civil services, Judiciary, Police and Army under company and crown.
Economic policy - Expansion and commercialization of agriculture, Land settlements, Rural Indebtedness, Landless Labour.

Decline of local industries, Changing of socio-economic conditions- Railways and Road Transport, Famines, Epidemics and the government policy.


**Unit-12**: Towards Independence:-

Indian National Congress – 1885-1920 – Swadeshi Movements.
Towards Indian Independence and Partition.
India after Independence – 1947-1964:-
Rehabilitation after Partition.


Foreign Policy – India’s relations with neighbours.

**Unit-13**: Asia in Continental History:-

Japan:- Emergence of Japan on world power.

Rise of Arab National Movement – OPEC and Oil Diplomacy.

Rise of Isreal and Palestine question – Aims and Objectives of South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation (SAARC and NAM)

**Unit-14**: Modern World:-
